

In **Italy** there are 16 detention centres¹, *Centri di Permanenza Temporanea e Assistenza (CPTA)* or *Centri di Identificazione (CDI)*: CPTA Torino “Brunelleschi”, CPTA Milano “Via Corelli”, CPTA Modena “La Marmora”, Bologna “Enrico Mattei”, CPTA Roma “Ponte Galeria”, CPTA San Foca di Melendugno “Regina Pacis” (Lecce), CPTA Restinco (Brindisi), CPTA Lamezia Terme “Malgradotutto”, CPTA Caltanissetta “Pian del Lago”, CPTA Agrigento “Contrada S. Benedetto”, CPTA Trapani “Serraino Vulpitta”, CPTA Lampedusa, CPTA/CDI Borgo Mezzanone (Foggia), CDI Bar-Palese (Bari), CDI “Don Tonino Bello”, Otranto (Lecce) and CDI “S. Anna”, Crotone.²

A Directive of the Ministry of Home Affairs (*Direttiva generale in materia di Centri di Permanenza Temporanea e di Assistenza ai sensi dell’Article 22. comma i) del DPR 31 agosto 1999, n. 394* of 30 August 2000) regulates the administration of CPTA.

Detention centres in Italy are always run by not for profit organizations, such as the Italian Red Cross or *Misericordie* or *Fiamme D’Argento* (which draw together retired *Carabinieri*, Italian policemen).



¹ *Medici Senza Frontiere, RAPPORTO SUI CENTRI DI PERMANENZA TEMPORANEA E ASSISTENZA*, January 2004

² This information was confirmed by the Italian Permanent Representation to the EU on 25th April 2005.